

Fort Valley State University



About This Report

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
J.	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Lograina with Doors	Collaborative Learning
Learning with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
Experiences with rucuity	Effective Teaching Practices
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions
Cumpus Environment	Supportive Environment

Report sections

Overview (p. 3)

Displays how average EI scores for your first-year and senior students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

Score Distributions

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.

Summary of Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are displayed for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15) Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2013 and 2014 participating institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. An effect size of .2 is generally considered small, .5 medium, and .8 large. Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. The Report Builder—Institution Version and your *Major Field Report* (both to be released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE Web site: nsse.iub.edu



Overview Fort Valley State University

Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups.

Your first-year students

compared with

Your first-year students

compared with

Your first-year students

compared with

Use the following key:

First-Year Students

Environment

Supportive Environment

Your students' average was significantly higher (p<.05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

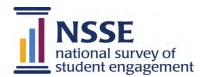
Your students' average was significantly higher (p<.05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude. ■

-- No significant difference.

 ∇ Your students' average was significantly lower (p<.05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.

Your students' average was significantly lower (p<.05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Theme	Engagement Indicator	Comparison Group 1	Carnegie Class	Comparison Group 3
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning			
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions			
Environment	Supportive Environment			
niors		Your seniors	Your seniors	Your seniors
Theme	Engagement Indicator	compared with Comparison Group 1	compared with Carnegie Class	compared with Comparison Group 3
	Higher-Order Learning		==	
Academic	Deflective & Internative Learning			
	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
Challenge		 	 	
J	Learning Strategies	 	 	
Learning with	Learning Strategies Quantitative Reasoning	 		
Learning with Peers	Learning Strategies Quantitative Reasoning Collaborative Learning	 	 	
Challenge Learning with Peers Experiences with Faculty	Learning Strategies Quantitative Reasoning Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others	 	 	
Learning with Peers Experiences	Learning Strategies Quantitative Reasoning Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others Student-Faculty Interaction		 	



Academic Challenge

Fort Valley State University

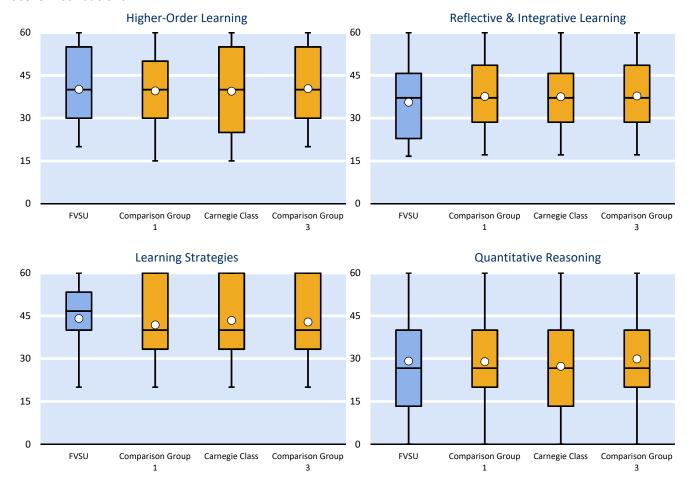
Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with					
	FVSU	Comparis	on Group 1 Effect	Carneg	ie Class Effect	Compari	son Group 3 Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Higher-Order Learning	40.1	39.6	.04	39.5	.04	40.4	02
Reflective & Integrative Learning	35.6	37.6	15	37.5	14	37.8	16
Learning Strategies	44.1	41.8	.15	43.4	.05	42.9	.09
Quantitative Reasoning	29.2	29.0	.01	27.3	.11	29.9	04

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

Fort Valley State University

Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Summary of Indicator Items

Higher-Order Learning	FVSU	Comparison Group 1	Carnegie Class	Comparison Group 3
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%	%	%	%
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	73	69	67	71
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	64	69	70	72
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	64	71	72	76
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	72	71	71	74
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	53	59	61	64
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	45	57	64	57
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course	45	56	62	55
discussions or assignments 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	69	67	71	68
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	68	71	72	69
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	66	72	69	70
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	76	77	77	78
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	88	81	86	82
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	84	69	78	77
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	81	69	75	70
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	59	58	50	55
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	44	43	41	46
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	40	41	41	44



Academic Challenge

Fort Valley State University

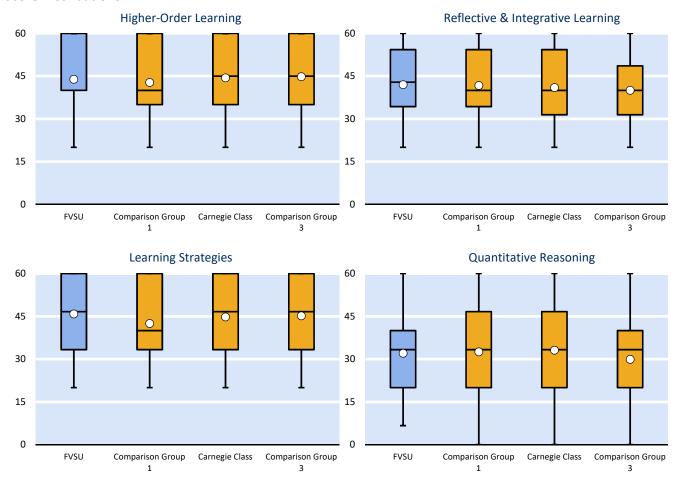
Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with						
	FVSU	Comparise	on Group 1 Effect	Carneg	ie Class Effect	Compari	son Group 3 Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Higher-Order Learning	43.9	42.8	.08	44.4	04	44.8	06	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	42.0	41.7	.02	41.0	.07	40.0	.14	
Learning Strategies	45.8	42.5	.24	44.8	.08	45.2	.05	
Quantitative Reasoning	32.0	32.5	03	33.1	06	29.9	.12	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

Score Distributions



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Academic Challenge

Fort Valley State University

Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Summary of Indicator Items

Higher-Order Learning	FVSU	Comparison Group 1	Carnegie Class	Comparison Group 3
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%	%	%	%
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	87	81	81	83
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	78	78	82	81
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	82	76	80	80
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	81	77	78	81
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	68	76	72	68
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	70	73	72	66
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	68	66	64	57
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	70	72	70	69
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from	81	77	74	76
his or her perspective 2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	75	78	75	74
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	84	86	83	83
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	93	85	85	86
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	77	71	79	81
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	81	73	77	79
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	61	63	60	57
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	52	52	50	49
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	40	50	50	47



Learning with Peers Fort Valley State University

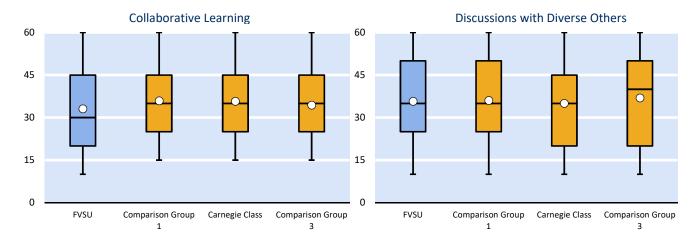
Learning with Peers: First-year students

Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with						
	FVSU	Comparis	on Group 1 Effect	Carneg	gie Class Effect	Compari	ison Group 3 Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Collaborative Learning	33.1	35.9	19	35.7	18	34.4	09	
Discussions with Diverse Others	35.7	36.0	02	35.0	.05	36.9	07	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Summary of Indicator Items

Collaborative Learning	FVSU	Comparison Group 1	Carnegie Class	Comparison Group 3
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	43	53	58	50
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	58	64	60	64
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	51	54	52	55
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	60	63	66	55
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	54	56	52	69
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	59	69	69	66
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	58	56	51	58
8d. People with political views other than your own	60	53	54	55



Learning with Peers Fort Valley State University

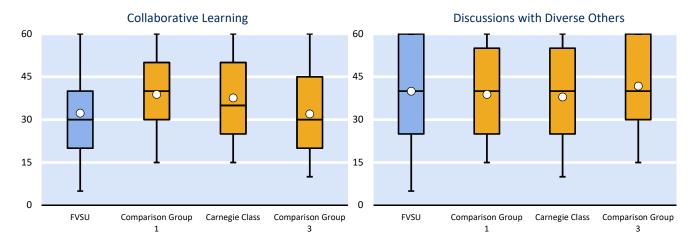
Learning with Peers: Seniors

Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with					
	FVSU	Comparison Group		e Class Effect	Compari	son Group 3 Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size		size	Mean	size	
Collaborative Learning	32.3	38.8 ***46	37.6 **	37	32.0	.02	
Discussions with Diverse Others	40.0	38.9 .07	7 38.0	.12	41.7	10	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

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Summary of Indicator Items

		Comparison	Carnegie	Comparison
Collaborative Learning	FVSU	Group 1	Class	Group 3
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	40	53	46	37
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	58	76	69	57
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	45	63	58	49
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	61	75	74	58
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	67	65	59	75
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	76	76	72	75
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	60	62	58	65
8d. People with political views other than your own	58	59	60	65



Experiences with Faculty Fort Valley State University

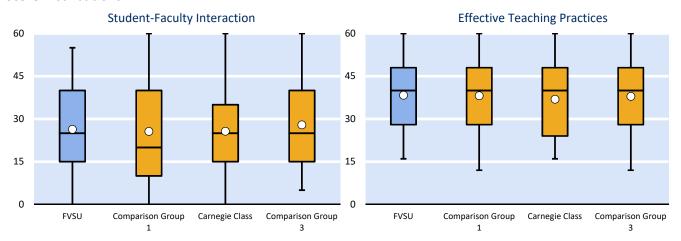
Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your first-year students compared with					
	FVSU	FVSU Comparison Group 1		Carnegie Class		Comparison Group		
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Student-Faculty Interaction	26.3	25.6	.04	25.7	.04	27.9	09	
Effective Teaching Practices	38.3	38.1	.01	36.9	.10	37.9	.03	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

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Summary of Indicator Items

•		Comparison	Carnegie	Comparison
Student-Faculty Interaction	FVSU	Group 1	Class	Group 3
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	41	43	45	51
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	38	31	32	31
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	45	34	31	35
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	51	41	47	55
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	76	75	70	72
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	68	67	64	63
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	72	68	64	66
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	59	62	59	67
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	56	58	56	60



Experiences with Faculty Fort Valley State University

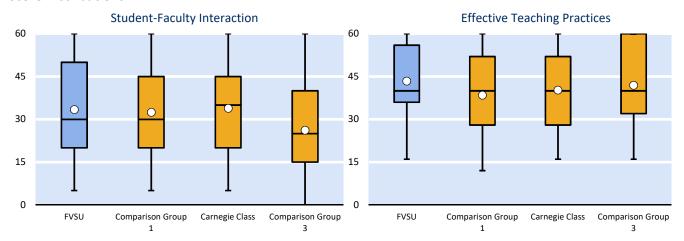
Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			,	Your seniors c	ompared with		
	FVSU	Compariso	n Group 1	Carne	gie Class	Comparison Group 3	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Student-Faculty Interaction	33.4	32.4	.06	33.8	02	26.2 **	.43
Effective Teaching Practices	43.4	38.4 *	.32	40.2	.21	41.9	.09

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

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Summary of Indicator Items

		Comparison	Carnegie	Comparison
Student-Faculty Interaction	FVSU	Group 1	Class	Group 3
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	66	59	64	46
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	52	44	44	32
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	44	50	50	40
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	61	56	62	49
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	80	73	76	82
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	85	71	76	75
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	80	72	72	77
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	74	60	65	69
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	69	58	66	69



Campus Environment Fort Valley State University

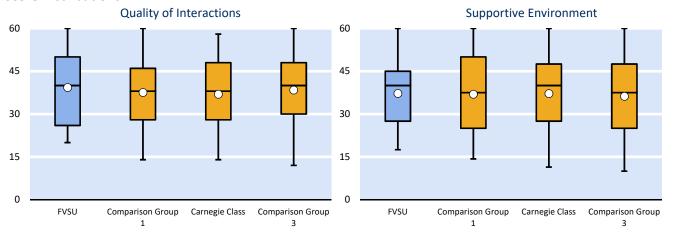
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your f	irst-year stude	ents compared	l with	
	FVSU	Comparis	on Group 1	Carne	gie Class	Comparison Group 3	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	39.3	37.5	.13	36.9	.17	38.4	.07
Supportive Environment	37.2	36.9	.02	37.1	.00	36.2	.07

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

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Summary of Indicator Items		Comparison	Carnegie	Comparison
Quality of Interactions	FVSU	Group 1	Class	Group 3
Percentage rating a 6 or 7 on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent" their interactions with	%	%	%	%
13a. Students	53	53	51	51
13b. Academic advisors	57	39	42	49
13c. Faculty	49	36	34	37
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	43	29	32	36
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	33	31	27	29
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	71	69	75	71
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	83	71	77	77
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	54	55	49	53
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	68	68	73	70
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	65	60	62	62
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	49	44	41	46
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	69	72	76	72
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	60	64	63	58



Campus Environment Fort Valley State University

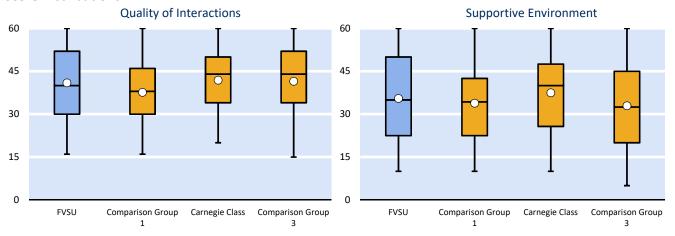
Campus Environment: Seniors

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			,	Your seniors c	ompared with		
	FVSU	Comparis	on Group 1	Carne	gie Class	Comparison Group 3	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	40.9	37.6	.26	41.9	07	41.5	04
Supportive Environment	35.5	33.8	.11	37.5	13	32.9	.16

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

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Summary of Indicator Items		Comparison	Carnegie	Comparison
Quality of Interactions	FVSU	Group 1	Class	Group 3
Percentage rating a 6 or 7 on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent" their interactions with	%	%	%	%
13a. Students	67	65	61	64
13b. Academic advisors	61	42	62	60
13c. Faculty	66	44	57	56
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	40	28	41	36
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	35	21	33	40
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	62	64	76	66
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	63	57	76	67
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	49	51	61	56
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	79	71	77	62
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	52	56	67	53
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	39	38	38	35
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	70	66	67	55
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	57	61	67	51

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Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions Fort Valley State University

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

The results below compare the engagement of your first-year and senior students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE^a for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2013 and 2014 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2013 and 2014 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the absence of a significant difference between your score and that of the high-performing group does not mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

rirst-Year Students			Your first-year students compared with									
		FVSU	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE 7	Гор 10%						
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	✓					
	Higher-Order Learning	40.1	40.6	03 ✓	42.7	19						
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	35.6	37.3	14	39.3 **	29						
Challenge	Learning Strategies	44.1	41.2	.20 ✓	43.4	.05	\checkmark					
	Quantitative Reasoning	29.2	28.8	.03 ✓	30.6	09	✓					
Learning	Collaborative Learning	33.1	34.7	12	37.0 *	29						
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	35.7	43.2 ***	49	45.6 ***	67						
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	26.3	23.3	.20 ✓	26.9	04	√					
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	38.3	42.4 **	30	44.6 ***	47						
Campus	Quality of Interactions	39.3	44.0 **	41	46.0 ***	58						
Environment	Supportive Environment	37.2	39.4	17	41.4 *	32						
Seniors				Your seniors	compared with							
		FVSU	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE 7	Гор 10%						
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	\checkmark					
	Higher-Order Learning	43.9	43.3	.04 ✓	45.3	10						
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	42.0	41.1	.07 ✓	43.1	09	✓					
Challenge	Learning Strategies	45.8	42.5	.23 ✓	44.9	.07	✓					
	Quantitative Reasoning	32.0	31.3	.04 ✓	33.0	06	✓					
Learning	Collaborative Learning	32.3	35.4	22	37.7 **	40						
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	40.0	43.9	25	45.8 *	38						
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	33.4	29.5	.24 ✓	34.4	06	√					
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	43.4	43.0	.02 ✓	45.1	13						
Campus	Quality of Interactions	40.9	45.3 *	38	47.4 **	55						

Note: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.

35.5

36.1

-.04

Environment Supportive Environment

39.0

-.26

a. Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2013 and 2014 institutions, separately for first-year and senior students. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either significant and positive, or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics^a Fort Valley State University

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

Detailed Statistics. Thist		n statist			Percentile ^d scores				Со	mparison	results	
-		SD ^b	C5145						Deg. of	Mean	s: f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	Mean	SD	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^s
Higher-Order Learning												
FVSU (N = 76)	40.1	14.5	1.66	20	30	40	55	60				
Comparison Group 1	39.6	14.9	.61	15	30	40	50	60	676	.6	.760	.037
Carnegie Class	39.5	15.7	.90	15	25	40	55	60	378	.0 .7	.736	.037
Comparison Group 3	40.4	14.9	.86	20	30	40	55	60	376	2	.900	016
Top 50%	40.4	13.6	.06	20	30	40	50	60	44,791	2 4	.776	010
Top 10%	42.7	13.6	.15	20	35	40	55	60	8,358	-2.5	.103	033
10p 10%	72.7	13.0	.13	20	33	40	33	00	0,330	-2.3	.103	107
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	_											
FVSU (N = 84)	35.6	14.0	1.53	17	23	37	46	60				
Comparison Group 1	37.6	13.2	.52	17	29	37	49	60	722	-2.0	.192	152
Carnegie Class	37.5	12.8	.71	17	29	37	46	60	409	-1.9	.237	145
Comparison Group 3	37.8	13.3	.74	17	29	37	49	60	400	-2.2	.185	163
Top 50%	37.3	12.5	.06	17	29	37	46	60	45,191	-1.7	.211	137
Top 10%	39.3	12.6	.13	20	31	40	49	60	9,739	-3.7	.008	292
Learning Strategies												
FVSU (N = 71)	44.1	14.2	1.69	20	40	47	53	60				
Comparison Group 1	41.8	14.7	.62	20	33	40	60	60	626	2.3	.222	.154
Carnegie Class	43.4	13.5	.83	20	33	40	60	60	335	.7	.710	.050
Comparison Group 3	42.9	14.0	.84	20	33	40	60	60	345	1.2	.509	.088
Top 50%	41.2	14.0	.07	20	33	40	53	60	39,575	2.9	.085	.205
Top 10%	43.4	14.0	.15	20	33	40	60	60	8,382	.7	.686	.048
Quantitative Reasoning												
FVSU (N = 78)	29.2	18.3	2.07	0	13	27	40	60				
Comparison Group 1	29.2	17.8	.72	0	20	27	40	60	694	.2	.919	.012
Carnegie Class	27.3	17.6	.72	0	13	27	40	60	387	1.9	.392	.108
Comparison Group 3	29.9	17.1	1.00	0	20	27	40	60	384	1.9 7	.742	042
Top 50%	28.8	16.3	.07	0	20	27	40	60	364 77	<i>1</i> .4	.844	.025
	30.6	16.3	.14	0	20	27	40	60	77	.4 -1.4	.490	089
Top 10%	30.0	10.2	.14	U	20	21	40	00	76	-1.4	.490	089
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
FVSU (N = 90)	33.1	15.8	1.66	10	20	30	45	60				
Comparison Group 1	35.9	14.1	.56	15	25	35	45	60	736	-2.8	.083	195
Carnegie Class	35.7	13.9	.74	15	25	35	45	60	127	-2.6	.148	185
Comparison Group 3	34.4	13.7	.75	15	25	35	45	60	128	-1.3	.484	090
Top 50%	34.7	13.7	.06	15	25	35	45	60	90	-1.6	.334	118
Top 10%	37.0	13.6	.12	15	25	35	45	60	90	-3.9	.020	290
Discussions with Diverse Others												
FVSU (N = 64)	35.7	16.5	2.05	10	25	35	50	60				
Comparison Group 1	36.0	16.2	.68	10	25	35	50	60	628	3	.888	019
Carnegie Class	35.0	16.0	.96	10	20	35	45	60	343	.7	.744	.045
Comparison Group 3	36.9	17.1	1.02	10	20	40	50	60	344	-1.2	.607	071
Top 50%	43.2	15.4	.07	20	35	45	60	60	49,929	-7.5	.000	489
Top 10%	45.6	14.8	.15	20	40	50	60	60	10,485	-9.9	.000	668
-r									-,			



Detailed Statistics^a Fort Valley State University

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

_	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Co	mparison	results				
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect			
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g			
Experiences with Faculty															
Student-Faculty Interaction															
FVSU $(N = 76)$	26.3	16.8	1.93	0	15	25	40	55							
Comparison Group 1	25.6	17.3	.69	0	10	20	40	60	698	.7	.731	.042			
Carnegie Class	25.7	15.9	.90	0	15	25	35	60	385	.6	.754	.040			
Comparison Group 3	27.9	16.4	.94	5	15	25	40	60	382	-1.6	.463	094			
Top 50%	23.3	15.0	.08	0	10	20	30	55	75	3.0	.122	.202			
Top 10%	26.9	16.2	.22	5	15	25	40	60	5,331	6	.747	037			
Effective Teaching Practices															
FVSU $(N = 80)$	38.3	14.1	1.58	16	28	40	48	60							
Comparison Group 1	38.1	15.0	.60	12	28	40	48	60	705	.2	.906	.014			
Carnegie Class	36.9	14.7	.83	16	24	40	48	60	391	1.4	.434	.098			
Comparison Group 3	37.9	15.4	.87	12	28	40	48	60	391	.4	.821	.028			
Top 50%	42.4	13.2	.07	20	32	44	52	60	36,349	-4.0	.006	305			
Top 10%	44.6	13.3	.16	20	36	44	56	60	7,294	-6.3	.000	472			
Campus Environment															
Quality of Interactions															
FVSU $(N = 66)$	39.3	14.1	1.73	20	26	40	50	60							
Comparison Group 1	37.5	13.1	.55	14	28	38	46	60	626	1.8	.304	.134			
Carnegie Class	36.9	14.1	.85	14	28	38	48	58	338	2.3	.225	.167			
Comparison Group 3	38.4	13.5	.81	12	30	40	48	60	341	.9	.629	.066			
Top 50%	44.0	11.4	.07	22	38	46	52	60	65	-4.7	.008	412			
Top 10%	46.0	11.6	.15	24	40	48	55	60	66	-6.8	.000	580			
Supportive Environment															
FVSU $(N = 58)$	37.2	13.2	1.73	18	28	40	45	60							
Comparison Group 1	36.9	15.0	.67	14	25	38	50	60	565	.3	.900	.018			
Carnegie Class	37.1	14.9	.94	11	28	40	48	60	308	.1	.974	.005			
Comparison Group 3	36.2	15.3	.96	10	25	38	48	60	311	1.0	.638	.068			
Top 50%	39.4	13.2	.07	18	30	40	50	60	40,178	-2.2	.206	166			
Top 10%	41.4	12.8	.14	20	33	40	53	60	8,814	-4.2	.014	324			

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI is the range of values that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean, equal to the sample mean +/-1.96 * SEM.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a Fort Valley State University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile ^d scc	res			mparison	results	
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	Wicum		<u> </u>	5.11	2501	30111	7501	<i>33111</i>	j.ccuo	۵.,,,	3.9.	5,20
Higher-Order Learning												
FVSU (N = 61)	43.9	13.2	1.68	20	40	40	60	60				
Comparison Group 1	42.8	14.5	.60	20	35	40	60	60	649	1.1	.567	.077
Carnegie Class	44.4	15.1	.91	20	35	45	60	60	335	5	.796	037
Comparison Group 3	44.8	14.8	.81	20	35	45	60	60	392	9	.651	063
Top 50%	43.3	13.7	.06	20	35	40	55	60	49,779	.6	.728	.045
Top 10%	45.3	13.6	.12	20	40	45	60	60	12,235	-1.4	.429	102
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	ıg											
FVSU (N = 68)	42.0	14.3	1.74	20	34	43	54	60				
Comparison Group 1	41.7	13.0	.53	20	34	40	54	60	681	.2	.891	.018
Carnegie Class	41.0	13.6	.80	20	31	40	54	60	356	1.0	.592	.072
Comparison Group 3	40.0	13.5	.72	20	31	40	49	60	419	1.9	.287	.141
Top 50%	41.1	12.6	.06	20	31	40	51	60	48,760	.9	.556	.072
Top 10%	43.1	12.5	.12	20	34	43	54	60	10,689	-1.1	.468	088
Learning Strategies												
FVSU $(N = 53)$	45.8	13.6	1.88	20	33	47	60	60				
Comparison Group 1	42.5	14.0	.60	20	33	40	60	60	595	3.4	.095	.241
Carnegie Class	44.8	13.7	.87	20	33	47	60	60	300	1.0	.618	.076
Comparison Group 3	45.2	14.6	.83	20	33	47	60	60	359	.7	.763	.045
Top 50%	42.5	14.5	.06	20	33	40	60	60	61,096	3.4	.091	.233
Top 10%	44.9	14.1	.11	20	33	47	60	60	15,594	1.0	.616	.069
Quantitative Reasoning												
FVSU (N = 66)	32.0	15.9	1.96	7	20	33	40	60				
Comparison Group 1	32.5	17.9	.73	0	20	33	47	60	668	5	.832	028
Carnegie Class	33.1	18.2	1.08	0	20	33	47	60	348	-1.1	.656	061
Comparison Group 3	29.9	18.2	.97	0	20	33	40	60	413	2.1	.374	.120
Top 50%	31.3	17.2	.06	0	20	33	40	60	77,320	.7	.731	.042
Top 10%	33.0	16.9	.12	0	20	33	47	60	19,363	-1.0	.637	058
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
FVSU (N = 66)	32.3	15.7	1.94	5	20	30	40	60				
Comparison Group 1	38.8	13.8	.56	15	30	40	50	60	675	-6.5	.000	463
Carnegie Class	37.6	13.9	.81	15	25	35	50	60	362	-5.3	.006	373
Comparison Group 3	32.0	15.3	.82	10	20	30	45	60	412	.3	.879	.021
Top 50%	35.4	13.8	.05	15	25	35	45	60	65,237	-3.1	.073	222
Top 10%	37.7	13.6	.12	15	30	40	50	60	13,086	-5.4	.001	396
Discussions with Diverse Others												
FVSU (N = 53)	40.0	18.2	2.49	5	25	40	60	60			_	_
Comparison Group 1	38.9	16.1	.68	15	25	40	55	60	606	1.1	.639	.067
Carnegie Class	38.0	16.9	1.04	10	25	40	55	60	314	2.0	.438	.117
Comparison Group 3	41.7	16.9	.95	15	30	40	60	60	370	-1.8	.480	105
Top 50%	43.9	15.8	.06	20	35	45	60	60	75,173	-4.0	.065	253
Top 10%	45.8	15.4	.11	20	40	50	60	60	53	-5.9	.022	383



Detailed Statistics^a Fort Valley State University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statist	ics		Percentile ^d scores				Со	mparison	results	
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
FVSU (N = 66)	33.4	19.7	2.43	5	20	30	50	60				
Comparison Group 1	32.4	17.5	.72	5	20	30	45	60	656	1.0	.671	.055
Carnegie Class	33.8	17.1	1.01	5	20	35	45	60	351	4	.859	024
Comparison Group 3	26.2	16.2	.87	0	15	25	40	60	83	7.2	.006	.431
Top 50%	29.5	16.1	.09	5	20	30	40	60	65	3.9	.116	.240
Top 10%	34.4	16.3	.25	10	20	35	45	60	67	-1.0	.680	062
Effective Teaching Practices												
FVSU $(N = 66)$	43.4	14.5	1.78	16	36	40	56	60				
Comparison Group 1	38.4	15.7	.63	12	28	40	52	60	676	5.0	.014	.319
Carnegie Class	40.2	15.3	.90	16	28	40	52	60	354	3.2	.128	.208
Comparison Group 3	41.9	15.9	.85	16	32	40	60	60	417	1.5	.488	.093
Top 50%	43.0	13.6	.06	20	36	44	56	60	46,179	.3	.845	.024
Top 10%	45.1	13.4	.15	20	36	48	60	60	7,886	-1.8	.289	131
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
FVSU $(N = 54)$	40.9	15.0	2.03	16	30	40	52	60				
Comparison Group 1	37.6	12.6	.54	16	30	38	46	60	606	3.3	.071	.257
Carnegie Class	41.9	12.1	.76	20	34	44	50	60	69	9	.664	075
Comparison Group 3	41.5	13.4	.76	15	34	44	52	60	363	6	.772	043
Top 50%	45.3	11.3	.06	24	38	48	54	60	54	-4.4	.036	384
Top 10%	47.4	11.6	.11	24	40	50	58	60	54	-6.4	.003	554
Supportive Environment												
FVSU $(N = 49)$	35.5	16.3	2.32	10	23	35	50	60				
Comparison Group 1	33.8	15.1	.66	10	23	34	43	60	570	1.7	.449	.113
Carnegie Class	37.5	14.9	.96	10	26	40	48	60	290	-1.9	.414	128
Comparison Group 3	32.9	16.0	.93	5	20	33	45	60	345	2.6	.291	.162
Top 50%	36.1	13.8	.06	13	28	38	45	60	49	6	.807	041
Top 10%	39.0	13.3	.15	17	30	40	50	60	49	-3.5	.143	259

 $a. \ Results \ weighted \ by \ institution-reported \ sex \ and \ enrollment \ status \ (and \ institutional \ size \ for \ comparison \ groups).$

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI is the range of values that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean, equal to the sample mean +/-1.96 * SEM.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.